FEDERAL OPERATING PERMIT

A FEDERAL OPERATING PERMIT IS HEREBY ISSUED TO

Calpine Bosque Energy Center, LLC

AUTHORIZING THE OPERATION OF

Bosque County Power Plant Electric Services LOCATED AT

Bosque County, Texas

Latitude 31° 51' 34" Longitude 97° 21' 31"

Regulated Entity Number: RN100226232

This permit is issued in accordance with and subject to the Texas Clean Air Act (TCAA), Chapter 382 of the Texas Health and Safety Code and Title 30 Texas Administrative Code Chapter 122 (30 TAC Chapter 122), Federal Operating Permits. Under 30 TAC Chapter 122, this permit constitutes the permit holder's authority to operate the site, emission units and affected source listed in this permit. Operations of the site, emission units and affected source listed in this permit are subject to all additional rules or amended rules and orders of the Commission pursuant to the TCAA.

This permit does not relieve the permit holder from the responsibility of obtaining New Source Review authorization for new, modified, or existing facilities in accordance with 30 TAC Chapter 116, Control of Air Pollution by Permits for New Construction or Modification.

The site, emission units and affected source authorized by this permit shall be operated in accordance with 30 TAC Chapter 122, the general terms and conditions, special terms and conditions, and attachments contained herein.

This permit shall expire five years from the date of issuance. The renewal requirements specified in 30 TAC § 122.241 must be satisfied in order to renew the authorization to operate the site, emission units and affected source.

| Permit No: <u>01886</u> Issuance Date: |
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| For the Commission |

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General Terms and Conditions

The permit holder shall comply with all terms and conditions contained in 30 TAC § 122.143 (General Terms and Conditions), 30 TAC § 122.144 (Recordkeeping Terms and Conditions), 30 TAC § 122.145 (Reporting Terms and Conditions), and 30 TAC § 122.146 (Compliance Certification Terms and Conditions).

In accordance with 30 TAC § 122.144(1), records of required monitoring data and support information required by this permit, or any applicable requirement codified in this permit, are required to be maintained for a period of five years from the date of the monitoring report, sample, or application unless a longer data retention period is specified in an applicable requirement. The five year record retention period supersedes any less stringent retention requirement that may be specified in a condition of a permit identified in the New Source Review Authorization attachment.

If the permit holder chooses to demonstrate that this permit is no longer required, a written request to void this permit shall be submitted to the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) by the Responsible Official in accordance with 30 TAC § 122.161(e). The permit holder shall comply with the permit's requirements, including compliance certification and deviation reporting, until notified by the TCEQ that this permit is voided.

The permit holder shall comply with 30 TAC Chapter 116 by obtaining a New Source Review authorization prior to new construction or modification of emission units located in the area covered by this permit.

All reports required by this permit must include in the submittal a cover letter which identifies the following information: company name, TCEQ regulated entity number, air account number (if assigned), site name, area name (if applicable), and Air Permits Division permit number(s).

Special Terms and Conditions: Emission Limitations and Standards, Monitoring and Testing, and Recordkeeping and Reporting

- 1. Permit holder shall comply with the following requirements:
 - A. Emission units (including groups and processes) in the Applicable Requirements Summary attachment shall meet the limitations, standards, equipment specifications, monitoring, recordkeeping, reporting, testing, and other requirements listed in the Applicable Requirements Summary attachment to assure compliance with the permit.
 - B. The textual description in the column titled "Textual Description" in the Applicable Requirements Summary attachment is not enforceable and is not deemed as a substitute for the actual regulatory language. The Textual Description is provided for information purposes only.

- C. A citation listed on the Applicable Requirements Summary attachment, which has a notation [G] listed before it, shall include the referenced section and subsection for all commission rules, or paragraphs for all federal and state regulations and all subordinate paragraphs, subparagraphs and clauses, subclauses, and items contained within the referenced citation as applicable requirements.
- D. When a grouped citation, notated with a [G] in the Applicable Requirements Summary, contains multiple compliance options, the permit holder must keep records of when each compliance option was used.
- E. Emission units subject to 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ, as identified in the attached Applicable Requirements Summary table, are subject to 30 TAC Chapter 113, Subchapter C, §113.1090 which incorporates the 40 CFR Part 63 Subpart by reference.
- F. For the purpose of generating discrete emission reduction credits through 30 TAC Chapter 101, Subchapter H, Division 4 (Discrete Emission Credit Banking and Trading), the permit holder shall comply with the following requirements:
 - (i) Title 30 TAC § 101.372 (relating to General Provisions)
 - (ii) Title 30 TAC § 101.373 (relating to Discrete Emission Reduction Credit Generation and Certification)
 - (iii) Title 30 TAC § 101.374 (relating to Mobile Discrete Emission Reduction Credit Generation and Certification)
 - (iv) Title 30 TAC § 101.375 (relating to Emission Reductions Achieved Outside the United States)
 - (v) Title 30 TAC § 101.378 (relating to Discrete Emission Credit Banking and Trading)
 - (vi) The terms and conditions by which the emission limits are established to generate the discrete reduction credit are applicable requirements of this permit
- 2. The permit holder shall comply with the following sections of 30 TAC Chapter 101 (General Air Quality Rules):
 - A. Title 30 TAC § 101.1 (relating to Definitions), insofar as the terms defined in this section are used to define the terms used in other applicable requirements
 - B. Title 30 TAC § 101.3 (relating to Circumvention)

- C. Title 30 TAC § 101.8 (relating to Sampling), if such action has been requested by the TCEQ
- D. Title 30 TAC § 101.9 (relating to Sampling Ports), if such action has been requested by the TCEQ
- E. Title 30 TAC § 101.10 (relating to Emissions Inventory Requirements)
- F. Title 30 TAC § 101.201 (relating to Emission Event Reporting and Recordkeeping Requirements)
- G. Title 30 TAC § 101.211 (relating to Scheduled Maintenance, Start-up, and Shutdown Reporting and Recordkeeping Requirements)
- H. Title 30 TAC § 101.221 (relating to Operational Requirements)
- I. Title 30 TAC § 101.222 (relating to Demonstrations)
- J. Title 30 TAC § 101.223 (relating to Actions to Reduce Excessive Emissions)
- 3. Permit holder shall comply with the following requirements of 30 TAC Chapter 111:
 - A. Visible emissions from stationary vents with a flow rate of less than 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute and constructed after January 31, 1972 that are not listed in the Applicable Requirements Summary attachment for 30 TAC Chapter 111, Subchapter A, Division 1, shall not exceed 20% opacity averaged over a six-minute period. The permit holder shall comply with the following requirements for stationary vents at the site subject to this standard:
 - (i) Title 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(1)(B) (relating to Requirements for Specified Sources)
 - (ii) Title 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(1)(E)
 - (iii) Title 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(1)(F)(i), (ii), (iii), or (iv)
 - (iv) For emission units with vent emissions subject to 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(1)(B), complying with 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(1)(F)(ii), (iii), or (iv), and capable of producing visible emissions from, but not limited to, particulate matter, acid gases and NO_x, the permit holder shall also comply with the following periodic monitoring requirements for the purpose of annual compliance certification under 30 TAC § 122.146. These periodic monitoring requirements do not apply to vents that are not capable of producing visible emissions such as vents that emit only colorless VOCs; vents from non-fuming liquids; vents that provide passive ventilation, such as

plumbing vents; or vent emissions from any other source that does not obstruct the transmission of light. Vents, as specified in the "Applicable Requirements Summary" attachment, that are subject to the emission limitation of 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(1)(B) are not subject to the following periodic monitoring requirements:

- (1) An observation of stationary vents from emission units in operation shall be conducted at least once during each calendar quarter unless the emission unit is not operating for the entire quarter.
- (2) For stationary vents from a combustion source, if an alternative to the normally fired fuel is fired for a period greater than or equal to 24 consecutive hours, the permit holder shall conduct an observation of the stationary vent for each such period to determine if visible emissions are present. If such period is greater than 3 months, observations shall be conducted once during each quarter. Supplementing the normally fired fuel with natural gas or fuel gas to increase the net heating value to the minimum required value does not constitute creation of an alternative fuel.
- (3) Records of all observations shall be maintained.
- (4)Visible emissions observations of emission units operated during daylight hours shall be conducted no earlier than one hour after sunrise and no later than one hour before sunset. Visible emissions observations of emission units operated only at night must be made with additional lighting and the temporary installation of contrasting backgrounds. Visible emissions observations shall be made during times when the activities described in 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(1)(E) are not taking place. Visible emissions shall be determined with each stationary vent in clear view of the observer. The observer shall be at least 15 feet, but not more than 0.25 mile, away from each stationary vent during the observation. For outdoor locations, the observer shall select a position where the sun is not directly in the observer's eyes. When condensed water vapor is present within the plume, as it emerges from the emissions outlet, observations must be made beyond the point in the plume at which condensed water vapor is no longer visible. When water vapor within the plume condenses and becomes visible at a distance from the emissions outlet, the observation shall be evaluated at the outlet prior to condensation of water vapor. A certified opacity reader is not required for visible emissions observations.

- (5) Compliance Certification:
 - (a) If visible emissions are not present during the observation, the RO may certify that the source is in compliance with the applicable opacity requirement in 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(1) and (a)(1)(B).
 - (b) However, if visible emissions are present during the observation, the permit holder shall either list this occurrence as a deviation on the next deviation report as required under 30 TAC § 122.145(2) or conduct the appropriate opacity test specified in 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(1)(F) to determine if the source is in compliance with the opacity requirements. If an opacity test is performed and the source is determined to be in compliance, the RO may certify that the source is in compliance with the applicable opacity requirement. However, if an opacity test is performed and the source is determined to be out of compliance. the permit holder shall list this occurrence as a deviation on the next deviation report as required under 30 TAC § 122.145(2). The opacity test must be performed by a certified opacity reader.
 - (c) Some vents may be subject to multiple visible emission or monitoring requirements. All credible data must be considered when certifying compliance with this requirement even if the observation or monitoring was performed to demonstrate compliance with a different requirement.
- B. For visible emissions from a building, enclosed facility, or other structure; the permit holder shall comply with the following requirements:
 - (i) Title 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(7)(A) (relating to Requirements for Specified Sources)
 - (ii) Title 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(7)(B)(i) or (ii)
 - (iii) For a building containing an air emission source, enclosed facility, or other structure containing or associated with an air emission source subject to 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(7)(A), complying with 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(7)(B)(i) or (ii), and capable of producing visible emissions from, but not limited to, particulate matter, acid gases and NO_x, the permit holder shall also comply with the following periodic monitoring requirements for the purpose of annual compliance certification under 30 TAC § 122.146:

- (1) An observation of visible emissions from a building containing an air emission source, enclosed facility, or other structure containing or associated with an air emission source which is required to comply with 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(7)(A) shall be conducted at least once during each calendar quarter unless the air emission source or enclosed facility is not operating for the entire quarter.
- (2) Records of all observations shall be maintained.
- Visible emissions observations of air emission sources or (3)enclosed facilities operated during daylight hours shall be conducted no earlier than one hour after sunrise and no later than one hour before sunset. Visible emissions observations of air emission sources or enclosed facilities operated only at night must be made with additional lighting and the temporary installation of contrasting backgrounds. Visible emissions shall be determined with each emissions outlet in clear view of the observer. The observer shall be at least 15 feet, but not more than 0.25 mile, away from each emissions outlet during the observation. For outdoor locations, the observer shall select a position where the sun is not directly in the observer's eyes. When condensed water vapor is present within the plume, as it emerges from the emissions outlet, observations must be made beyond the point in the plume at which condensed water vapor is no longer visible. When water vapor within the plume condenses and becomes visible at a distance from the emissions outlet, the observation shall be evaluated at the outlet prior to condensation of water vapor. A certified opacity reader is not required for visible emissions observations.

(4) Compliance Certification:

- (a) If visible emissions are not present during the observation, the RO may certify that the source is in compliance with the applicable opacity requirement in 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(7) and (a)(7)(A)
- (b) However, if visible emissions are present during the observation, the permit holder shall either list this occurrence as a deviation on the next deviation report as required under 30 TAC § 122.145(2) or conduct the appropriate opacity test specified in 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(7)(B) to determine if the source is in compliance with the opacity requirements. If an opacity test is performed and the source is determined to be in compliance, the RO may certify that the

source is in compliance with the applicable opacity requirement. However, if an opacity test is performed and the source is determined to be out of compliance, the permit holder shall list this occurrence as a deviation on the next deviation report as required under 30 TAC § 122.145(2). The opacity test must be performed by a certified opacity reader.

- C. For visible emissions from all other sources not specified in 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(1), (4), or (7); the permit holder shall comply with the following requirements:
 - (i) Title 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(8)(A) (relating to Requirements for Specified Sources)
 - (ii) Title 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(8)(B)(i) or (ii)
 - (iii) For a source subject to 30 TAC \S 111.111(a)(8)(A), complying with 30 TAC \S 111.111(a)(8)(B)(i) or (ii), and capable of producing visible emissions from, but not limited to, particulate matter, acid gases and NO_x, the permit holder shall also comply with the following periodic monitoring requirements for the purpose of annual compliance certification under 30 TAC \S 122.146:
 - (1) An observation of visible emissions from a source which is required to comply with 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(8)(A) shall be conducted at least once during each calendar quarter unless the source is not operating for the entire quarter.
 - (2) Records of all observations shall be maintained.
 - (3)Visible emissions observations of sources operated during daylight hours shall be conducted no earlier than one hour after sunrise and no later than one hour before sunset. Visible emissions observations of sources operated only at night must be made with additional lighting and the temporary installation of contrasting backgrounds. Visible emissions shall be determined with each source in clear view of the observer. The observer shall be at least 15 feet, but not more than 0.25 mile, away from each source during the observation. For outdoor locations, the observer shall select a position where the sun is not directly in the observer's eyes. When condensed water vapor is present within the plume, as it emerges from the emissions outlet, observations must be made beyond the point in the plume at which condensed water vapor is no longer visible. When water vapor within the plume condenses and becomes visible at a distance from the emissions outlet, the observation shall be evaluated at

the outlet prior to condensation of water vapor. A certified opacity reader is not required for visible emissions observations.

- (4) Compliance Certification:
 - (a) If visible emissions are not present during the observation, the RO may certify that the source is in compliance with the applicable opacity requirement in 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(8) and (a)(8)(A)
 - (b) However, if visible emissions are present during the observation, the permit holder shall either list this occurrence as a deviation on the next deviation report as required under 30 TAC § 122.145(2) or conduct the appropriate opacity test specified in 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(8)(B) to determine if the source is in compliance with the opacity requirements. If an opacity test is performed and the source is determined to be in compliance, the RO may certify that the source is in compliance with the applicable opacity requirement. However, if an opacity test is performed and the source is determined to be out of compliance, the permit holder shall list this occurrence as a deviation on the next deviation report as required under 30 TAC § 122.145(2). The opacity test must be performed by a certified opacity reader.
- D. Certification of opacity readers determining opacities under Method 9 (as outlined in 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A) to comply with opacity monitoring requirements shall be accomplished by completing the Visible Emissions Evaluators Course, or approved agency equivalent, no more than 180 days before the opacity reading.
- E. For emission units with contributions from uncombined water, the permit holder shall comply with the requirements of 30 TAC § 111.111(b).
- F. Emission limits on nonagricultural processes, except for the steam generators specified in 30 TAC § 111.153, shall comply with the following requirements:
 - (i) Emissions of PM from any source may not exceed the allowable rates as required in 30 TAC § 111.151(a) (relating to Allowable Emissions Limits)
 - (ii) Sources with an effective stack height (h_e) less than the standard effective stack height (H_e), must reduce the allowable emission level by multiplying it by $[h_e/H_e]^2$ as required in 30 TAC § 111.151(b)

- (iii) Effective stack height shall be calculated by the equation specified in 30 TAC § 111.151(c)
- G. Outdoor burning, as stated in 30 TAC § 111.201, shall not be authorized unless the following requirements are satisfied:
 - (i) Title 30 TAC § 111.205 (relating to Exception for Fire Training)
 - (ii) Title 30 TAC § 111.207 (relating to Exception for Recreation, Ceremony, Cooking, and Warmth)
 - (iii) Title 30 TAC § 111.219 (relating to General Requirements for Allowable Outdoor Burning)
 - (iv) Title 30 TAC § 111.221 (relating to Responsibility for Consequences of Outdoor Burning)
- 4. Permit holder shall comply with the following 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter C requirements:
 - A. When filling stationary gasoline storage containers with a nominal capacity less than or equal to 1,000 gallons at a Stage I motor vehicle fuel dispensing facility, the permit holder shall comply with the following requirements specified in 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter C:
 - (i) Title 30 TAC § 115.222(7) (relating to Control Requirements)
 - (ii) Title 30 TAC § 115.222(3), as it applies to liquid gasoline leaks
 - (iii) Title 30 TAC § 115.224(1) (relating to Inspection Requirements), as it applies to liquid gasoline leaks
- 5. The permit holder shall comply with the following requirements for units subject to any subpart of 40 CFR Part 60, unless otherwise stated in the applicable subpart:
 - A. Title 40 CFR § 60.7 (relating to Notification and Recordkeeping)
 - B. Title 40 CFR § 60.8 (relating to Performance Tests)
 - C. Title 40 CFR § 60.11 (relating to Compliance with Standards and Maintenance Requirements)
 - D. Title 40 CFR § 60.12 (relating to Circumvention)
 - E. Title 40 CFR § 60.13 (relating to Monitoring Requirements)
 - F. Title 40 CFR § 60.14 (relating to Modification)

- G. Title 40 CFR § 60.15 (relating to Reconstruction)
- H. Title 40 CFR § 60.19 (relating to General Notification and Reporting Requirements)
- 6. The permit holder shall comply with the requirements of 30 TAC Chapter 113, Subchapter C, § 113.100 for units subject to any subpart of 40 CFR Part 63, unless otherwise stated in the applicable subpart.
- 7. For each gasoline dispensing facility, with a throughput of less than 10,000 gallons per month as specified in 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart CCCCCC, the permit holder shall comply with the following requirements (Title 30 TAC, Subchapter C, § 113.1380 incorporated by reference):
 - A. Title 40 CFR § 63.11111(e), for records of monthly throughput
 - B. Title 40 CFR § 63.11111(i), for compliance due to increase of throughput
 - C. Title 40 CFR § 63.11113(c), for compliance due to increase of throughput
 - D. Title 40 CFR § 63.11115(a), for operation of the source
 - E. Title 40 CFR § 63.11116(a) and (a)(1) (4), for work practices
 - F. Title 40 CFR § 63.11116(b), for records availability
 - G. Title 40 CFR § 63.11116(d), for portable gasoline containers

Additional Monitoring Requirements

8. The permit holder shall comply with the periodic monitoring requirements as specified in the attached "Periodic Monitoring Summary" upon issuance of the permit. Except for, as applicable, monitoring malfunctions, associated repairs, and required quality assurance or control activities (including, as applicable, calibration checks and required zero and span adjustments), the permit holder shall conduct all monitoring in continuous operation (or shall collect data at all required intervals) at all times that the pollutant-specific emissions unit is operating. The permit holder may elect to collect monitoring data on a more frequent basis and average the data, consistent with the averaging time specified in the "Periodic Monitoring Summary," for purposes of determining whether a deviation has occurred. However, the additional data points must be collected on a regular basis. In no event shall data be collected and used in particular instances to avoid reporting deviations. Deviations shall be reported according to 30 TAC § 122.145 (Reporting Terms and Conditions).

New Source Review Authorization Requirements

9. Permit holder shall comply with the requirements of New Source Review authorizations issued or claimed by the permit holder for the permitted area,

including permits, permits by rule, standard permits, flexible permits, special permits, permits for existing facilities including Voluntary Emissions Reduction Permits and Electric Generating Facility Permits issued under 30 TAC Chapter 116, Subchapter I, or special exemptions referenced in the New Source Review Authorization References attachment. These requirements:

- A. Are incorporated by reference into this permit as applicable requirements
- B. Shall be located with this operating permit
- C. Are not eligible for a permit shield
- 10. The permit holder shall comply with the general requirements of 30 TAC Chapter 106, Subchapter A or the general requirements, if any, in effect at the time of the claim of any PBR.
- 11. The permit holder shall maintain records to demonstrate compliance with any emission limitation or standard that is specified in a permit by rule (PBR) or Standard Permit listed in the New Source Review Authorizations attachment. The records shall yield reliable data from the relevant time period that are representative of the emission unit's compliance with the PBR or Standard Permit. These records may include, but are not limited to, production capacity and throughput, hours of operation, material safety data sheets (MSDS), chemical composition of raw materials, speciation of air contaminant data, engineering calculations, maintenance records, fugitive data, performance tests, capture/control device efficiencies, direct pollutant monitoring (CEMS, COMS, or PEMS), or control device parametric monitoring. These records shall be made readily accessible and available as required by 30 TAC § 122.144.
 - A. If applicable, monitoring of control device performance or general work practice standards shall be made in accordance with the TCEQ Periodic Monitoring Guidance document.
 - B. Any monitoring or recordkeeping data indicating noncompliance with the PBR or Standard Permit shall be considered and reported as a deviation according to 30 TAC § 122.145 (Reporting Terms and Conditions).

Compliance Requirements

- 12. The permit holder shall certify compliance in accordance with 30 TAC § 122.146. The permit holder shall comply with 30 TAC § 122.146 using at a minimum, but not limited to, the continuous or intermittent compliance method data from monitoring, recordkeeping, reporting, or testing required by the permit and any other credible evidence or information. The certification period may not exceed 12 months and the certification must be submitted within 30 days after the end of the period being certified.
- 13. Use of Discrete Emission Credits to comply with the applicable requirements:

- A. Unless otherwise prohibited, the permit holder may use discrete emission credits to comply with the following applicable requirements listed elsewhere in this permit:
 - (i) Title 30 TAC Chapter 115
 - (ii) Title 30 TAC Chapter 117
 - (iii) If applicable, offsets for Title 30 TAC Chapter 116
 - (iv) Temporarily exceed state NSR permit allowables
- B. The permit holder shall comply with the following requirements in order to use the credit to comply with the applicable requirements:
 - (i) The permit holder must notify the TCEQ according to 30 TAC § 101.376(d)
 - (ii) The discrete emission credits to be used must meet all the geographic, timeliness, applicable pollutant type, and availability requirements listed in 30 TAC Chapter 101, Subchapter H, Division 4
 - (iii) The executive director has approved the use of the discrete emission credits according to 30 TAC § 101.376(d)(1)(A)
 - (iv) The permit holder keeps records of the use of credits towards compliance with the applicable requirements in accordance with 30 TAC § 101.372(h) and 30 TAC Chapter 122

Protection of Stratospheric Ozone

- 14. Permit holders at a site subject to Title VI of the FCAA Amendments shall meet the following requirements for protection of stratospheric ozone.
 - A. Any on site servicing, maintenance, and repair on refrigeration and nonmotor vehicle air-conditioning appliances using ozone-depleting refrigerants or non-exempt substitutes shall be conducted in accordance with 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart F. Permit holders shall ensure that repairs on or refrigerant removal from refrigeration and nonmotor vehicle air-conditioning appliances using ozone-depleting refrigerants are performed only by properly certified technicians using certified equipment. Records shall be maintained as required by 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart F.

Permit Location

15. The permit holder shall maintain a copy of this permit and records related to requirements listed in this permit on site.

Acid Rain Permit Requirements

16. For units GT-1, GT-2 and GT-3, located at the affected source identified by ORIS/Facility code (55172), the designated representative and the owner or operator, as applicable, shall comply with the following Acid Rain Permit requirements.

A. General Requirements

- (i) Under 30 TAC § 122.12(1) and 40 CFR Part 72, the Acid Rain Permit requirements contained here are a separable portion of the Federal Operating Permit (FOP) and have an independent public comment process which may be separate from, or combined with the FOP.
- (ii) The owner and operator shall comply with the requirements of 40 CFR Part 72 and 40 CFR Part 76. Any noncompliance with the Acid Rain Permit will be considered noncompliance with the FOP and may be subject to enforcement action.
- (iii) The owners and operators of the affected source shall operate the source and the unit in compliance with the requirements of this Acid Rain Permit and all other applicable State and federal requirements.
- (iv) The owners and operators of the affected source shall comply with the General Terms and Conditions of the FOP that incorporates this Acid Rain Permit.
- (v) The term for the Acid Rain permit shall commence with the issuance of the FOP that incorporates the Acid Rain permit and shall be run concurrent with the remainder of the term of the FOP. Renewal of the Acid Rain permit shall coincide with the renewal of the FOP that incorporates the Acid Rain permit and subsequent terms shall be no more than five years from the date of renewal of the FOP and run concurrent with the permit term of the FOP.

B. Monitoring Requirements

- (i) The owners and operators, and the designated representative, of the affected source and each affected unit at the source shall comply with the monitoring requirements contained 40 CFR Part 75.
- (ii) The emissions measurements recorded and reported in accordance with 40 CFR Part 75 and any other credible evidence shall be used to determine compliance by the affected source with the acid rain emissions limitations and emissions reduction requirements for SO₂ and NO₃ under the ARP.

(iii) The requirements of 40 CFR Part 75 shall not affect the responsibility of the owners and operators to monitor emission of other pollutants or other emissions characteristics at the unit under other applicable requirements of the FCAA Amendments (42 U.S.C. 7401, as amended November 15, 1990) and other terms and conditions of the operating permit for the source.

C. SO_2 emissions requirements

- (i) The owners and operators of each source and each affected unit at the source shall comply with the applicable acid rain emissions limitations for SO₂.
- (ii) As of the allowance transfer deadline the owners and operators of the affected source and each affected unit at the source shall hold, in the unit's compliance subaccount, allowances in an amount not less than the total annual emissions of SO₂ for the previous calendar year.
- (iii) Each ton of SO₂ emitted in excess of the acid rain emissions limitations for SO₂ shall constitute a separate violation of the FCAA amendments.
- (iv) An affected unit shall be subject to the requirements under (i) and (ii) of the SO₂ emissions requirements as follows:
 - (1) Starting January 1, 2000, an affected unit under 40 CFR § 72.6(a)(2); or
 - (2) Starting on the later of January 1, 2000 or the deadline for monitor certification under 40 CFR Part 75, an affected unit under 40 CFR § 72.6(a)(3).
- (v) Allowances shall be held in, deducted from, or transferred into or among Allowance Tracking System accounts in accordance with the requirements of the ARP.
- (vi) An allowance shall not be deducted, for compliance with the requirements of this permit, in a calendar year before the year for which the allowance was allocated.
- (vii) An allowance allocated by the EPA Administrator or under the ARP is a limited authorization to emit SO₂ in accordance with the ARP. No provision of the ARP, Acid Rain permit application, this Acid Rain Permit, or an exemption under 40 CFR §§ 72.7 or 72.8 and no provision of law shall be construed to limit the authority of the United States to terminate or limit such authorization.

(viii) An allowance allocated by the EPA Administrator under the ARP does not constitute a property right.

D. NO_x Emission Requirements

- (i) The owners and operators of the source and each affected unit at the source shall comply with the applicable acid rain emissions limitations for NO_x under 40 CFR Part 76.
- E. Excess emissions requirements for SO₂ and NO_x.
 - (i) The designated representative of an affected unit that has excess emissions in any calendar year shall submit a proposed offset plan, as required under 40 CFR Part 77.
 - (ii) If an affected source has excess emissions in any calendar year shall, as required by 40 CFR Part 77:
 - (1) Pay, without demand, the penalty required and pay, upon demand, the interest on that penalty.
 - (2) Comply with the terms of an approved offset plan.

F. Recordkeeping and Reporting Requirements

- (i) Unless otherwise provided, the owners and operators of the affected source and each affected unit at the source shall keep on site at the source each of the following documents for a period of 5 years from the date the document is created. This period may be extended for cause, at any time before the end of 5 years, in writing by the permitting authority or the EPA Administrator.
 - representative for the source and each affected unit and all documents that demonstrate the truth of the statements in the certificate of representation, in accordance with 40 CFR § 72.24; provided that the certificate and documents shall be retained on site at the source beyond such 5-year period until such documents are superseded because of the submission of a new certificate of representation changing the designated representative.
 - (2) All emissions monitoring information, in accordance with 40 CFR Part 75, provided that to the extent that 40 CFR Part 75 provides for a 3-year period for recordkeeping (rather than a five-year period cited in 30 TAC § 122.144), the 3-year period shall apply.

- (3) Copies of all reports, compliance certifications, and other submissions and all records made or required under the ARP or relied upon for compliance certification.
- (4) Copies of all documents used to complete an acid rain permit application and any other submission under the ARP or to demonstrate compliance with the requirements of the ARP.
- (ii) The designated representative of an affected source and each affected unit at the source shall submit the reports required under the ARP including those under 40 CFR Part 72, Subpart I and 40 CFR Part 75.

G. Liability

- (i) Any person who knowingly violates any requirement or prohibition of the ARP, a complete acid rain permit application, an acid rain permit, or a written exemption under 40 CFR §§ 72.7 or 72.8, including any requirement for the payment of any penalty owed to the United States, shall be subject to enforcement pursuant to FCAA § 113(c).
- (ii) Any person who knowingly makes a false, material statement in any record, submission, or report under the ARP shall be subject to criminal enforcement pursuant to FCAA § 113(c) and 18 U.S.C. 1001.
- (iii) No permit revision shall excuse any violation of the requirements of the ARP that occurs prior to the date that the revision takes effect.
- (iv) The affected source and each affected unit shall meet the requirements of the ARP contained in 40 CFR Parts 72 through 78.
- (v) Any provision of the ARP that applies to an affected source or the designated representative of an affected source shall also apply to the owners and operators of such source and of the affected units at the source.
- (vi) Any provision of the ARP that applies to an affected unit (including a provision applicable to the DR of an affected unit) shall also apply to the owners and operators of such unit. Except as provided under 40 CFR \S 72.44 (Phase II repowering extension plans) and 40 CFR \S 76.11 (NO_x averaging plans), and except with regard to the requirements applicable to units with a common stack under 40 CFR Part 75 (including 40 CFR $\S\S$ 75.16, 75.17, and 75.18), the owners and operators and the DR of one affected unit shall not be liable for any violation by any other affected unit of which they are

- not owners or operators or the DR and that is located at a source of which they are not owners or operators or the DR.
- (vii) Each violation of a provision of 40 CFR Parts 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, and 78 by an affected source or affected unit, or by an owner or operator or DR of such source or unit, shall be a separate violation of the FCAA Amendments.
- H. Effect on other authorities. No provision of the ARP, an acid rain permit application, an acid rain permit, or an exemption under 40 CFR §§ 72.7 or 72.8 shall be construed as:
 - (i) Except as expressly provided in Title IV of the FCAA Amendments, exempting or excluding the owners and operators and, to the extent applicable, the DR of an affected source or affected unit from compliance with any other provision of the FCAA Amendments, including the provisions of Title I of the FCAA Amendments relating to applicable National Ambient Air Quality Standards or State Implementation Plans.
 - (ii) Limiting the number of allowances a unit can hold; provided, that the number of allowances held by the unit shall not affect the source's obligation to comply with any other provisions of the FCAA Amendments.
 - (iii) Requiring a change of any kind in any state law regulating electric utility rates and charges, affecting any state law regarding such state regulation, or limiting such state regulation, including any prudence review requirements under such state law.
 - (iv) Modifying the Federal Power Act or affecting the authority of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission under the Federal Power Act; or,
 - (v) Interfering with or impairing any program for competitive bidding for power supply in a state in which such program is established.
- I. The number of SO₂ allowances allocated by the EPA in 40 CFR Part 73 is enforceable only by the EPA Administrator.

Clean Air Interstate Rule Permit Requirements

17. For units GT-1, GT-2 and GT-3, located at the site identified by ORIS/Facility code (55172), the designated representative and the owner or operator, as applicable, shall comply with the following Clean Air Interstate Rule (CAIR) Permit requirements. Until approval of the Texas CAIR SIP, the permit holder shall comply with the equivalent requirements of 40 CFR Part 97 in place of the

referenced 40 CFR Part 96 requirements in the Texas CAIR permit and 30 TAC Chapter 122 requirements.

A. General Requirements

- (i) Under 30 TAC § 122.420(b) and 40 CFR §§ 96.120(b) and 96.220(b) the CAIR Permit requirements contained here are a separable portion of the Federal Operating Permit (FOP).
- (ii) The owners and operators of the CAIR NO_x and the CAIR SO₂ source shall operate the source and the unit in compliance with the requirements of this CAIR permit and all other applicable State and federal requirements.
- (iii) The owners and operators of the CAIR NO_x and the CAIR SO₂ source shall comply with the General Terms and Conditions of the FOP that incorporates this CAIR Permit.
- (iv) The term for the initial CAIR permit shall commence with the issuance of the revision containing the CAIR permit and shall be the remaining term for the FOP that incorporates the CAIR permit. Renewal of the initial CAIR permit shall coincide with the renewal of the FOP that incorporates the CAIR permit and subsequent terms shall be no more than five years from the date of renewal of the FOP and run concurrent with the permit term of the FOP.

B. Monitoring and Reporting Requirements

- (i) The owners and operators, and the CAIR designated representative, of the CAIR NO_x source and each CAIR NO_x unit at the source shall comply with the monitoring, reporting, and recordkeeping requirements contained 40 CFR Part 96, Subpart HH.
- (ii) The owners and operators, and the CAIR designated representative, of the CAIR SO₂ source and each CAIR SO₂ unit at the source shall comply with the monitoring, reporting, and recordkeeping requirements contained 40 CFR Part 96, Subpart HHH.
- (iii) The emissions measurements recorded and reported in accordance with 40 CFR Part 96, Subpart HH and any other credible evidence shall be used to determine compliance by the CAIR NO_x source with the CAIR NO_x emissions limitation.
- (iv) The emissions measurements recorded and reported in accordance with 40 CFR Part 96, Subpart HHH and any other credible evidence shall be used to determine compliance by the CAIR SO₂ source with the CAIR SO₂ emissions limitation.

C. NO_x emissions requirements

- (i) As of the allowance transfer deadline for a control period, the owners and operators of the CAIR NO_x source and each CAIR NO_x unit at the source shall hold, in the source's compliance account, CAIR NO_x allowances available for compliance deductions for the control period under 40 CFR § 96.154(a) in an amount not less than the tons of total nitrogen oxides emissions for the control period from all CAIR NO_x units at the source, as determined in accordance with the requirements of 40 CFR Part 96, Subpart HH.
- (ii) A CAIR NO_x unit shall be subject to the requirements of paragraph C.(i) of this CAIR Permit starting on the later of January 1, 2009, or the deadline for meeting the unit's monitor certification requirements under 40 CFR § 96.170(b)(1), (2), or (5).
- (iii) A CAIR NO_x allowance shall not be deducted, for compliance with the requirements of this permit, for a control period in a calendar year before the year for which the CAIR NO_x allowance was allocated.
- (iv) CAIR NO_x allowances shall be held in, deducted from or transferred into or among CAIR NO_x Allowance Tracking System accounts in accordance with the requirements of 40 CFR Part 96, Subpart FF or Subpart GG.
- (v) A CAIR NO_x allowance is a limited authorization to emit one ton of nitrogen oxides in accordance with the CAIR NO_x Annual Trading Program. No provision of the CAIR NO_x Annual Trading Program, the CAIR permit application, the CAIR permit, or an exemption under 40 CFR § 96.105 and no provision of law shall be construed to limit the authority of the State or the United States to terminate or limit such authorization.
- (vi) A CAIR NO_x allowance does not constitute a property right.
- (vii) Upon recordation by the Administrator under 40 CFR Part 96, Subpart FF or Subpart GG, every allocation, transfer, or deduction of a CAIR NO_x allowance to or from a CAIR NO_x unit's compliance account is incorporated automatically in this CAIR permit.

D. NO_x excess emissions requirement

(i) If a CAIR NO_x source emits nitrogen oxides during any control period in excess of the CAIR NO_x emissions limitation, the owners and operators of the source and each CAIR NO_x unit at the source shall surrender the CAIR NO_x allowances required for deduction under 40 CFR § 96.154(d)(1) and pay any fine, penalty, or

- assessment or comply with any other remedy imposed, for the same violations, under the Clean Air Act or applicable State law.
- (ii) Each ton of such excess emissions and each day of such control period shall constitute a separate violation of 40 CFR Part 96, Subpart AA, the Clean Air Act, and applicable State law.

E. SO₂ emissions requirements

- (i) As of the allowance transfer deadline for a control period, the owners and operators of the CAIR SO₂ source and each CAIR SO₂ unit at the source shall hold, in the source's compliance account, CAIR SO₂ allowances available for compliance deductions for the control period under 40 CFR § 96.254(a) and (b) in an amount not less than the tons of total sulfur dioxides emissions for the control period from all CAIR SO₂ units at the source, as determined in accordance with the requirements of 40 CFR Part 96, Subpart HHH.
- (ii) A CAIR SO₂ unit shall be subject to the requirements of paragraph E.(i) of this CAIR Permit starting on the later of January 1, 2010, or the deadline for meeting the unit's monitor certification requirements under 40 CFR § 96.270(b)(1), (2), or (5).
- (iii) A CAIR SO₂ allowance shall not be deducted, for compliance with the requirements of this permit, for a control period in a calendar year before the year for which the CAIR SO₂ allowance was allocated.
- (iv) CAIR SO₂ allowances shall be held in, deducted from, or transferred into or among CAIR SO₂ Allowance Tracking System accounts in accordance with the requirements of 40 CFR Part 96, Subpart FFF or Subpart GGG.
- (v) A CAIR SO₂ allowance is a limited authorization to emit sulfur dioxide in accordance with the CAIR SO₂ Trading Program. No provision of the CAIR SO₂ Trading Program, the CAIR permit application, the CAIR permit, or an exemption under 40 CFR § 96.205 and no provision of law shall be construed to limit the authority of the State or the United States to terminate or limit such authorization.
- (vi) A CAIR SO₂ allowance does not constitute a property right.
- (vii) Upon recordation by the Administrator under 40 CFR Part 96, Subpart FFF or Subpart GGG, every allocation, transfer, or deduction of a CAIR SO₂ allowance to or from a CAIR SO₂ unit's

compliance account is incorporated automatically in this CAIR permit.

F. SO₂ excess emissions requirements

- (i) If a CAIR SO₂ source emits sulfur dioxides during any control period in excess of the CAIR SO₂ emissions limitation, the owners and operators of the source and each CAIR SO₂ unit at the source shall surrender the CAIR SO₂ allowances required for deduction under 40 CFR § 96.254(d)(1) and pay any fine, penalty, or assessment or comply with any other remedy imposed, for the same violations, under the Clean Air Act or applicable State law.
- (ii) Each ton of such excess emissions and each day of such control period shall constitute a separate violation of 40 CFR Part 96, Subpart AAA, the Clean Air Act, and applicable State law.

G. Recordkeeping and Reporting Requirements

- (i) Unless otherwise provided, the owners and operators of the CAIR NO_x source and each CAIR NO_x unit at the source and the CAIR SO₂ source and each CAIR SO₂ unit at the source shall keep on site at the source each of the following documents for a period of 5 years from the date the document is created. This period may be extended for cause, at any time before the end of 5 years, in writing by the permitting authority or the Administrator.
 - (1) The certificate of representation under 40 CFR §§ 96.113 and 96.213 for the CAIR NO_x designated representative for the source and each CAIR NO_x unit and the CAIR SO₂ designated representative for the source and each CAIR SO₂ unit at the source and all documents that demonstrate the truth of the statements in the certificate of representation; provided that the certificate and documents shall be retained on site at the source beyond such 5 year period until such documents are superseded because of the submission of a new certificate of representation under 40 CFR §§ 96.113 and 96.213 changing the CAIR designated representative.
 - (2) All emissions monitoring information, in accordance with 40 CFR Part 96, Subpart HH and Subpart HHH, provided that to the extent that these subparts provide for a 3-year period for recordkeeping, the 3-year period shall apply.
 - (3) Copies of all reports, compliance certifications, and other submissions and all records made or required under the CAIR NO_x Annual Trading Program and CAIR SO₂ Trading Program or relied upon for compliance determinations.

- (4) Copies of all documents used to complete a CAIR permit application and any other submission under the CAIR NO_x Annual Trading Program and CAIR SO₂ Trading Program or to demonstrate compliance with the requirements of the CAIR NO_x Annual Trading Program and CAIR SO₂ Trading Program.
- (ii) The CAIR designated representative of a CAIR NO_x source and each CAIR NO_x unit at the source and a CAIR SO₂ source and each CAIR SO₂ unit at the source shall submit the reports required under the CAIR NO_x Annual Trading Program and the CAIR SO₂ Trading Program including those under 40 CFR Part 96, Subpart HH and Subpart HHH.
- H. The CAIR NO_x source and each CAIR NO_x unit shall meet the requirements of the CAIR NO_x Annual Trading Program contained in 40 CFR Part 96, Subparts AA through II.
- I. The CAIR SO₂ source and each CAIR SO₂ unit shall meet the requirements of the CAIR SO₂ Trading Program contained in 40 CFR Part 96, Subparts AAA through III.
- J. Any provision of the CAIR NO_x Annual Trading Program and the CAIR SO₂ Trading Program that applies to a CAIR NO_x source or CAIR SO₂ source or the CAIR designated representative of a CAIR NO_x source or CAIR SO₂ source shall also apply to the owners and operators of such source and the units at the source.
- K. Any provision of the CAIR NO_x Annual Trading Program and the CAIR SO₂ Trading Program that applies to a CAIR NO_x unit or CAIR SO₂ unit or the CAIR designated representative of a CAIR NO_x unit or CAIR SO₂ unit shall also apply to the owners and operators of such unit.
- L. No provision of the CAIR NO_x Annual Trading Program, CAIR SO₂ Trading Program, a CAIR permit application, a CAIR permit, or an exemption under 40 CFR §§ 96.105 or 96.205 shall be construed as exempting or excluding the owners and operators, and the CAIR designated representative, of a CAIR NO_x source or CAIR NO_x unit or a CAIR SO₂ source or CAIR SO₂ unit from compliance with any other provision of the applicable, approved State implementation plan, a federally enforceable permit, or the Clean Air Act.

Attachments

Applicable Requirements Summary

Additional Monitoring Requirements

New Source Review Authorization References

| Unit Summary | 25 |
|--|----|
| Applicable Requirements Summary | 26 |

Note: A "none" entry may be noted for some emission sources in this permit's "Applicable Requirements Summary" under the heading of "Monitoring and Testing Requirements" and/or "Recordkeeping Requirements" and/or "Reporting Requirements." Such a notation indicates that there are no requirements for the indicated emission source as identified under the respective column heading(s) for the stated portion of the regulation when the emission source is operating under the conditions of the specified SOP Index Number. However, other relevant requirements pursuant to 30 TAC Chapter 122 including Recordkeeping Terms and Conditions (30 TAC § 122.144), Reporting Terms and Conditions (30 TAC § 122.145), and Compliance Certification Terms and Conditions (30 TAC § 122.146) continue to apply.

Unit Summary

| Unit/Group/ Process ID No. | Unit Type | Group/Inclusive Units | SOP Index No. | Regulation | Requirement Driver |
|-------------------------------|---|------------------------------------|---------------|--|---|
| GRP-VNT | EMISSION POINTS/STATIONARY VENTS/PROCESS VENTS | BS-1, BS-2, BS-3, S-1, S-2, S-3 | R1111 | 30 TAC Chapter 111, Visible Emissions | No changing attributes. |
| ENG1 | SRIC ENGINES | N/A | 63ZZZZ | 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ | No changing attributes. |
| GRP-TURB | STATIONARY TURBINES | S-1, S-2 | 60KKKK-1 | 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart KKKK | DUCT BURNER = The heat recovery system includes a duct burner., UNIT TYPE = Combined Cycle Combustion Turbine |
| GRP-TURB | STATIONARY TURBINES | S-1, S-2 | 60KKKK-2 | 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart KKKK | UNIT TYPE = Simple Combustion Turbine |
| S-3 | STATIONARY TURBINES | N/A | 60GG-1 | 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart GG | TURBINE CYCLE = Unit recovers heat from the gas turbine exhaust to heat water or generate steam., DUCT BURNER = The turbine is part of a combined cycle turbine system not equipped with supplemental heat (duct burner). |
| S-3 | STATIONARY TURBINES | N/A | 60GG-2 | 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart GG | TURBINE CYCLE = Unit does not recover heat from the gas turbine exhaust to preheat inlet combustion air; or to heat water or generate steam. |

| Unit Group Process ID No. | Unit Group Process Type | SOP Index No. | Pollutant | State Rule or Federal Regulation Name | Emission Limitation, Standard or Equipment Specification Citation | Textual Description (See Special Term and Condition 1.B.) | Monitoring And Testing Requirements | Recordkeeping Requirements (30 TAC § 122.144) | Reporting Requirements (30 TAC § 122.145) |
|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------|--|---|--|---|--|---|
| GRP-VNT | ЕР | R1111 | OPACITY | 30 TAC Chapter 111, Visible Emissions | § 111.111(a)(1)(C) § 111.111(a)(1)(E) | Visible emissions from any stationary vent shall not exceed an opacity of 15% averaged over a six minute period for any source with a total flow rate of at least 100,000 acfm unless a CEMS is installed. | [G]§ 111.111(a)(1)(F) ** See Periodic Monitoring Summary | None | None |
| ENG1 | EU | 63ZZZZ | 112B(HAPS) | 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ | \$ 63.6603(a)- Table2d.4.a. \$ 63.6595(a)(1) \$ 63.6603(a)- Table2d.4.b. \$ 63.6603(a)- Table2d.4.c. \$ 63.6605(a) \$ 63.6605(b) \$ 63.6625(e) \$ 63.6625(h) \$ 63.6625(i) \$ 63.6640(b) [G]\$ 63.6640(f)(1) | RICE and black start stationary CI RICE, located at an area source, you must comply with the | § 63.6625(f) § 63.6625(i) § 63.6640(a)- Table6.9.a.i § 63.6640(a)- Table6.9.a.ii § 63.6640(b) | § 63.6625(i) § 63.6655(a) § 63.6655(a)(1) § 63.6655(a)(2) § 63.6655(a)(4) § 63.6655(a)(5) § 63.6655(d) § 63.6655(e) § 63.6655(f) § 63.6660(a) § 63.6660(b) § 63.6660(c) | § 63.6640(b) § 63.6640(e) § 63.6650(f) |
| GRP-TURB | EU | 60KKKK-1 | SO ₂ | 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart KKKK | § 60.4330(a)(2) § 60.4333(a) | subject stationary combustion turbine any fuel which contains total | \$ 60.4365 \$ 60.4365(a) \$ 60.4365(b) \$ 60.4415(a) \$ 60.4415(a)(1) \$ 60.4415(a)(1)(ii) | § 60.4365(a) § 60.4365(b) | § 60.4375(a) |

| Unit Group Process ID No. | Unit Group Process Type | SOP Index No. | Pollutant | State Rule or Federal Regulation Name | Emission Limitation, Standard or Equipment Specification Citation | Textual Description (See Special Term and Condition 1.B.) | Monitoring And Testing Requirements | Recordkeeping Requirements (30 TAC § 122.144) | Reporting Requirements (30 TAC § 122.145) |
|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------|--|---|--|--|---|---|
| GRP-TURB | EU | 60KKKK-2 | NOx | 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart KKKK | § 60.4320(a)-Table 1 § 60.4320(a) § 60.4320(b) § 60.4333(a) § 60.4335(b)(1) [G]§ 60.4345 | Turbines operating at less than 75 percent of peak load, modified and reconstructed offshore turbines, and turbines operating at temperatures less than 0 $^{\circ}$ F with > 30 MW output must meet the nitrogen oxides emission standard of 96 ppm at 15 percent O_2 . | \$ 60.4335(b)(1) [G]\$ 60.4345 \$ 60.4350(a) \$ 60.4350(b) \$ 60.4350(c) \$ 60.4350(d) \$ 60.4350(e) \$ 60.4350(f) \$ 60.4350(f) \$ 60.4350(g) [G]\$ 60.4400(a) \$ 60.4400(b) \$ 60.4400(b)(4) \$ 60.4400(b)(5) \$ 60.4405 | [G]§ 60.4345 § 60.4350(b) | [G]§ 60.4345 § 60.4350(d) § 60.4375(a) § 60.4380 [G]§ 60.4380(b) § 60.4395 |
| GRP-TURB | EU | 60KKKK-2 | SO ₂ | 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart KKKK | § 60.4330(a)(2) § 60.4333(a) | You must not burn in the subject stationary combustion turbine any fuel which contains total potential sulfur emissions in excess of 26 ng SO2/J (0.060 lb SO2/MMBtu) heat input. If your turbine simultaneously fires multiple fuels, each fuel must meet this requirement. | § 60.4365 § 60.4365(a) § 60.4365(b) § 60.4415(a) § 60.4415(a)(1) § 60.4415(a)(1)(ii) | § 60.4365(a) § 60.4365(b) | § 60.4375(a) |
| S-3 | EU | 60GG-1 | SO_2 | 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart GG | § 60.333(b) | No stationary gas turbine shall burn any fuel which contains sulfur in excess of 0.8% by weight. | § 60.334(h) [G]§ 60.334(h)(3) | None | None |

| Unit Group Process ID No. | Unit Group Process Type | SOP Index No. | Pollutant | State Rule or Federal Regulation Name | Emission Limitation, Standard or Equipment Specification Citation | Textual Description (See Special Term and Condition 1.B.) | And Testing | Recordkeeping Requirements (30 TAC § 122.144) | Reporting Requirements (30 TAC § 122.145) |
|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------|--|--|--|--|---|---|
| S-3 | EU | 60GG-1 | NOx | 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart GG | § 60.332(a)(1) § 60.332(a)(3) | No owner or operator shall discharge into the atmosphere from any stationary gas turbine, any gases which contain nitrogen oxides in excess of the amount as determined from the specified equation. | [G]§ 60.335(a) § 60.335(b)(1) § 60.335(b)(2) § 60.335(c)(1) | None | None |
| S-3 | EU | 60GG-2 | SO ₂ | 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart GG | § 60.333(b) | No stationary gas turbine shall burn any fuel which contains sulfur in excess of 0.8% by weight. | § 60.334(h) [G]§ 60.334(h)(3) | None | None |
| S-3 | EU | 60GG-2 | NO _X | 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart GG | § 60.332(a)(1) § 60.332(a)(3) | No owner or operator shall discharge into the atmosphere from any stationary gas turbine, any gases which contain nitrogen oxides in excess of the amount as determined from the specified equation. | [G]§ 60.335(a) § 60.335(b)(1) § 60.335(b)(2) § 60.335(c)(1) | None | None |

| | Additional Monito | oring Requirem | ents | |
|--------------------|--------------------------|----------------|-------|----|
| Periodic Monitorin | g Summary | ••••• | ••••• | 30 |
| | | | | |

Periodic Monitoring Summary

| Unit/Group | /Process 1 | Information |
|------------|------------|-------------|
|------------|------------|-------------|

ID No.: GRP-VNT

Control Device ID No.: N/A | Control Device Type: N/A

Applicable Regulatory Requirement

Name: 30 TAC Chapter 111, Visible Emissions | SOP Index No.: R1111

Pollutant: OPACITY Main Standard: § 111.111(a)(1)(C)

Monitoring Information

Indicator: Fuel Type

Minimum Frequency: Annually or at any time an alternate fuel is used

Averaging Period: n/a

Deviation Limit: Alternate fuel is combusted for a period greater than 24 consecutive

hours.

Periodic Monitoring Text: Record the type of fuel used by the unit. If an alternate fuel is fired, either alone or in combination with the specified gas, for a period greater than or equal to 24 consecutive hours it shall be considered and reported as a deviation or the permit holder shall conduct an observation of the stationary vent for each such period to determine if visible emissions are observed. Any time an alternate fuel is fired for a period of greater than 7 consecutive days then visible emissions observations will be conducted no less than once per week. Documentation of all observations shall be maintained. If visible emissions are present during the firing of an alternate fuel, the permit holder shall either list this occurrence as a deviation or the permit holder may determine the opacity consistent with Test Method 9. Any opacity readings that are above the opacity limit from the underlying applicable requirement shall be reported as a deviation.

| New Source Review Authorization References | |
|---|-----------|
| New Source Review Authorization References | 32 |
| New Source Review Authorization References by Emission Unit | 33 |

New Source Review Authorization References

The New Source Review authorizations listed in the table below are applicable requirements under 30 TAC Chapter 122 and enforceable under this operating permit.

| Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) Permits | | | | | |
|--|-------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| PSD Permit No.: PSDTX931 | Issuance Date: 12/10/2013 | | | | |
| Title 30 TAC Chapter 116 Permits, Special Permits, and Other Authorizations (Other Than Permits By Rule, PSD Permits, or NA Permits) for the Application Area. | | | | | |
| Authorization No.: 40620 | Issuance Date: 12/10/2013 | | | | |
| Permits By Rule (30 TAC Chapter | 106) for the Application Area | | | | |
| Number: 106.183 | Version No./Date: 09/04/2000 | | | | |
| Number: 106.227 | Version No./Date: 09/04/2000 | | | | |
| Number: 106.263 | Version No./Date: 09/04/2000 | | | | |
| Number: 106.264 | Version No./Date: 09/04/2000 | | | | |
| Number: 106.265 | Version No./Date: 09/04/2000 | | | | |
| Number: 106.371 | Version No./Date: 09/04/2000 | | | | |
| Number: 106.412 | Version No./Date: 09/04/2000 | | | | |
| Number: 106.433 | Version No./Date: 09/04/2000 | | | | |
| Number: 106.452 | Version No./Date: 09/04/2000 | | | | |
| Number: 106.454 | Version No./Date: 09/04/2000 | | | | |
| Number: 106.472 | Version No./Date: 09/04/2000 | | | | |
| Number: 106.473 | Version No./Date: 09/04/2000 | | | | |
| Number: 106.511 | Version No./Date: 09/04/2000 | | | | |
| Number: 106.532 | Version No./Date: 09/04/2000 | | | | |

New Source Review Authorization References by Emissions Unit

The following is a list of New Source Review (NSR) authorizations for emission units listed elsewhere in this operating permit. The NSR authorizations are applicable requirements under 30 TAC Chapter 122 and enforceable under this operating permit.

| Unit/Group/Process ID No. | Emission Unit Name/Description | New Source Review Authorization |
|------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| BS-1 | BYPASS STACK 1 | 40620, PSDTX931 |
| BS-2 | BYPASS STACK 2 | 40620, PSDTX931 |
| BS-3 | BYPASS STACK | 40620, PSDTX931 |
| ENG1 | EMERGENCY DIESEL FIRE WATER ENGINE | 106.511/09/04/2000 |
| S-1 | GAS TURBINE 1 | 40620, PSDTX931 |
| S-1 | HRSG STACK1 | 40620, PSDTX931 |
| S-2 | GAS TURBINE 2 | 40620, PSDTX931 |
| S-2 | HRSG STACK 2 | 40620, PSDTX931 |
| S-3 | GAS TURBINE 3 | 40620, PSDTX931 |
| S-3 | HRSG STACK 3 | 40620, PSDTX931 |

| Appendix A | |
|--------------|----|
| Acronym List | 35 |

Acronym List

The following abbreviations or acronyms may be used in this permit:

| ACEM | actual cubic feet per minute |
|-----------------|--|
| | alternate means of control |
| | Acid Rain Program |
| | |
| | |
| | Beaumont/Port Arthur (nonattainment area) |
| CAM | |
| CD | control device |
| COMS | continuous opacity monitoring system |
| CVS | closed-vent system |
| | Dallas/Fort Worth (nonattainment area) |
| | Designated Representative |
| | El Paso (nonattainment area) |
| EP | emission point |
| | |
| | emission unit |
| FCAA Amendments | Federal Clean Air Act Amendments |
| FOP | federal operating permit |
| GF | grandfathered |
| gr/100 scf | grains per 100 standard cubic feet |
| HAP | hazardous air pollutant |
| H/G/B | Houston/Galveston/Brazoria (nonattainment area) |
| | hydrogen sulfide |
| | identification number |
| | pound(s) per hour |
| MMBtu/hr | |
| | monitoring, recordkeeping, reporting, and testing |
| | nonattainment |
| | not applicable |
| | National Allowance Data Base |
| | nitrogen oxides |
| NSPS | Tew Source Performance Standard (40 CFR Part 60) |
| NSR | |
| ORIS | Office of Regulatory Information Systems |
| | lead |
| | Permit By Rule |
| | particulate matter |
| | particulate matter particulate matter particulate matter parts per million by volume |
| bhiii | parts per inition by volume prevention of significant deterioration |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | Texas Commission on Environmental Quality |
| | total suspended particulate |
| | true vapor pressure |
| | |
| VOC | volatile organic compound |

| | Appendix B |
|-------------------------|------------|
| Major NSR Summary Table | |

Major NSR Summary Table

| Permit Nun | nber: 40620 a | nd PSDTX931 (l | Issuance D | ate: 12/10 | 0/2013) | | |
|---------------|---------------------------|--|---|---|---|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|
| | | Air Contaminant Name (3) | Emission F | Rates * | Monitoring and Testing Requirements | Recordkeeping Requirements | Reporting Requirements |
| | | | lb/hr | TPY** | Spec. Cond. | Spec. Cond. | Spec. Cond. |
| S-1 (BS-1) | GE Model 7241FA GT (6) | CO CO (10) NOx (8) NOx (9) NOx (10) PM/PM ₁₀ (4) SO ₂ VOC H ₂ SO ₄ NH ₃ (11) | 52.2 1900.0 63.0 24.9 650.0 20.7 11.9 7.2 1.6 26.3 | 1073.0 254.1 93.0 90.4 5.6 32.0 0.8 81.0 | 2, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12 | 2, 5, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14 | 2, 7, 9, 10, 15 |
| S-2 (BS-2) | GE Model 7241FA GT (6) | CO CO (10) NOx (8) NOx (9) NOx (10) PM/PM ₁₀ (4) SO ₂ VOC H ₂ SO ₄ NH ₃ (11) | 52.2 1900.0 63.0 24.9 650.0 20.7 11.9 7.2 1.6 26.3 | 1073.0 254.1 93.0 90.4 5.6 32.0 0.8 81.0 | 2, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12 | 2, 5, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14 | 2, 7, 9, 10, 15 |
| S-3 (BS-3) | GE Model 7241FA GT (6) | CO CO (10) NOx NOx (10) PM/PM ₁₀ (4) SO ₂ VOC H ₂ SO ₄ | 31.0 1900.0 63.0 650.0 18.0 10.5 3.0 0.8 | 980.0 254.1 78.9 5.0 12.3 0.4 | 2, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12 | 2, 5, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14 | 7, 9, 10, 15 |
| 5 | Piping Fugitives (5) | VOC | 0.13 | 0.6 | | | |
| NH3-FUG-1 | Unit 1 NH3 Fugitives | NH3 | 0.06 | 0.3 | | | |
| NH3-FUG-2 | Unit 2 NH3 Fugitives | NH3 | 0.06 | 0.3 | | | |
| C-1 | Cooling Tower - 1 | PM PM10 | 1.88 0.62 | 8.2 2.72 | | 6 | |
| C-2 | Cooling Tower - 2 | PM PM10 | 0.86 0.28 | 3.8 1.24 | | 6 | |
| Н-1 | Fuel Heater (7) | CO NOX PM/PM10 SO2 VOC | 1.38 1.68 0.13 0.01 0.09 | 6.06 7.36 0.55 0.04 0.40 | 4, 5, 12 | 5, 12, 13, 14 | |

- (1) Emission point identification either specific equipment designation or emission point number from a plot plan.
- (2) Specific point source names. For fugitive sources, use an area name or fugitive source name.
- (3) VOC volatile organic compounds as defined in Title 30 Texas Administrative Code § 101.1
 - NOx total oxides of nitrogen
 - SO2 sulfur dioxide
 - PM particulate matter, suspended in the atmosphere, including PM10

Major NSR Summary Table

- particulate matter equal to or less than 10 microns in diameter. Where PM is not listed, it shall be assumed that no PM greater than 10 microns is emitted. - carbon monoxide CO H₂SO₄ - sulfuric acid - ammonia NH₃ (4) Particulate matter includes condensables (both front half and back half of the sample train). (5) Fugitive emissions are an estimate only. (6) Emission rates are based on either simple or combined cycle mode of operation. S-1, S-2, and S-3 are stack designations for combined cycle operation and BS-1, BS-2, and BS-3 are stack designations for simple cycle operation. (7) These emission sources were previously permitted by rule. (8) Emission rate for simple cycle mode (9) Emission rate for combined cycle mode with duct burner firing. (10)Emission rates for Startup / Shutdown / Reduced load operations. (11) Ammonia emission limits only apply to EPNs S-1 and S-2, not EPNs BS-1 and BS-2. Emission rates are based on and the facilities are limited by the following maximum operating schedule 24 Hrs/day 7 Days/week 52 Weeks/year or <u>8,760</u> Hrs/year

** Compliance with annual emission limits is based on a rolling 12-month period.

PM10

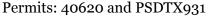
TEXAS COMMISSION ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY AIR QUALITY PERMIT

A Permit Is Hereby Issued To CALPINE BOSQUE ENERGY CENTER, LLC Authorizing the Construction and Operation of

Bosque County Power Plant

Located at Laguna Park, Bosque County, Texas

Latitude 31° 51′ 34″ Longitude 97° 21′ 31″



| Revision Date : <u>Decer</u> | <u>nber 10, 2013</u> |
|------------------------------|----------------------|
| Renewal Date: Febru | 1ary 27, 2010 |



- 1. **Facilities** covered by this permit shall be constructed and operated as specified in the application for the permit. All representations regarding construction plans and operation procedures contained in the permit application shall be conditions upon which the permit is issued. Variations from these representations shall be unlawful unless the permit holder first makes application to the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (commission) Executive Director to amend this permit in that regard and such amendment is approved. [Title 30 Texas Administrative Code 116.116 (30 TAC 116.116)]
- 2. **Voiding of Permit**. A permit or permit amendment is automatically void if the holder fails to begin construction within 18 months of the date of issuance, discontinues construction for more than 18 months prior to completion, or fails to complete construction within a reasonable time. Upon request, the executive director may grant an 18-month extension. Before the extension is granted the permit may be subject to revision based on best available control technology, lowest achievable emission rate, and netting or offsets as applicable. One additional extension of up to 18 months may be granted if the permit holder demonstrates that emissions from the facility will comply with all rules and regulations of the commission, the intent of the Texas Clean Air Act (TCAA), including protection of the public's health and physical property; and (b)(1)the permit holder is a party to litigation not of the permit holder's initiation regarding the issuance of the permit; or (b)(2) the permit holder has spent, or committed to spend, at least 10 percent of the estimated total cost of the project up to a maximum of \$5 million. A permit holder granted an extension under subsection (b)(1) of this section may receive one subsequent extension if the permit holder meets the conditions of subsection (b)(2) of this section. [30 TAC 116.120(a), (b) and (c)]
- 3. **Construction Progress**. Start of construction, construction interruptions exceeding 45 days, and completion of construction shall be reported to the appropriate regional office of the commission not later than 15 working days after occurrence of the event. [30 TAC 116.115(b)(2)(A)]
- 4. **Start-up Notification**. The appropriate air program regional office shall be notified prior to the commencement of operations of the facilities authorized by the permit in such a manner that a representative of the commission may be present. The permit holder shall provide a separate notification for the commencement of operations for each unit of phased construction, which may involve a series of units commencing operations at different times. Prior to operation of the facilities authorized by the permit, the permit holder shall identify the source or sources of allowances to be utilized for compliance with Chapter 101, Subchapter H, Division 3 of this title (relating to Mass Emissions Cap and Trade Program). [30 TAC 116.115(b)(2)(B)(iii)]
- 5. **Sampling Requirements**. If sampling is required, the permit holder shall contact the commission's Office of Compliance and Enforcement prior to sampling to obtain the proper data forms and procedures. All sampling and testing procedures must be approved by the executive director and coordinated with the regional representatives of the commission. The permit holder is also responsible for providing sampling facilities and conducting the sampling operations or contracting with an independent sampling consultant. [30 TAC 116.115(b)(2)(C)]

Revised (10/12)

- 6. **Equivalency of Methods.** The permit holder must demonstrate or otherwise justify the equivalency of emission control methods, sampling or other emission testing methods, and monitoring methods proposed as alternatives to methods indicated in the conditions of the permit. Alternative methods shall be applied for in writing and must be reviewed and approved by the executive director prior to their use in fulfilling any requirements of the permit. [30 TAC 116.115(b)(2)(D)]
- 7. **Recordkeeping.** The permit holder shall maintain a copy of the permit along with records containing the information and data sufficient to demonstrate compliance with the permit, including production records and operating hours; keep all required records in a file at the plant site. If, however, the facility normally operates unattended, records shall be maintained at the nearest staffed location within Texas specified in the application; make the records available at the request of personnel from the commission or any air pollution control program having jurisdiction; comply with any additional recordkeeping requirements specified in special conditions attached to the permit; and retain information in the file for at least two years following the date that the information or data is obtained. [30 TAC 116.115(b)(2)(E)]
- 8. **Maximum Allowable Emission Rates**. The total emissions of air contaminants from any of the sources of emissions must not exceed the values stated on the table attached to the permit entitled "Emission Sources--Maximum Allowable Emission Rates." [30 TAC 116.115(b)(2)(F)]
- 9. **Maintenance of Emission Control**. The permitted facilities shall not be operated unless all air pollution emission capture and abatement equipment is maintained in good working order and operating properly during normal facility operations. The permit holder shall provide notification for upsets and maintenance in accordance with 30 TAC 101.201, 101.211, and 101.221 of this title (relating to Emissions Event Reporting and Recordkeeping Requirements; Scheduled Maintenance, Startup, and Shutdown Reporting and Recordkeeping Requirements; and Operational Requirements). [30 TAC 116.115(b)(2)(G)]
- 10. **Compliance with Rules**. Acceptance of a permit by an applicant constitutes an acknowledgment and agreement that the permit holder will comply with all rules, regulations, and orders of the commission issued in conformity with the TCAA and the conditions precedent to the granting of the permit. If more than one state or federal rule or regulation or permit condition is applicable, the most stringent limit or condition shall govern and be the standard by which compliance shall be demonstrated. Acceptance includes consent to the entrance of commission employees and agents into the permitted premises at reasonable times to investigate conditions relating to the emission or concentration of air contaminants, including compliance with the permit. [30 TAC 116.115(b)(2)(H)]
- 11. **This** permit may not be transferred, assigned, or conveyed by the holder except as provided by rule. [30 TAC 116.110(e)]
- 12. **There** may be additional special conditions attached to a permit upon issuance or modification of the permit. Such conditions in a permit may be more restrictive than the requirements of Title 30 of the Texas Administrative Code. [30 TAC 116.115(c)]
- 13. **Emissions** from this facility must not cause or contribute to a condition of "air pollution" as defined in Texas Health and Safety Code (THSC) 382.003(3) or violate THSC 382.085. If the executive director determines that such a condition or violation occurs, the holder shall implement additional abatement measures as necessary to control or prevent the condition or violation.
- 14. **The** permit holder shall comply with all the requirements of this permit. Emissions that exceed the limits of this permit are not authorized and are violations of this permit.

Revised (10/12)

Special Conditions Permit Numbers 40620 and PSDTX931

Emission Limitations and Operating Specifications

- 1. The gas turbines, fuel heater and duct burners shall be limited to firing pipeline-quality, sweet natural gas containing no more than 2.0 grains total sulfur per 100 dry standard cubic feet. Firing of any other fuel will require authorization from the permitting authority. (2/09)
- A planned startup of the electric generating facilities with Emission Point Numbers 2. (EPNs) S-1 (BS-1), S-2 (BS-2), and S-3 (BS-3) is defined as the period that begins when an initial flame detection signal is recorded in the plant's Data Acquisition and Handling system (DAHS) and ends 30 minutes after the turbine reaches Mode 6Q operation (all six burners firing at once). A planned shutdown is defined as the period that begins when turbine output drops below Mode 6O and ends when a flame detection signal is no longer recorded in the DAHS. Cold start-up events shall not exceed 480 minutes in duration. Warm start-up events shall not exceed 300 minutes in duration. Shutdown events shall not exceed 60 minutes in duration. A cold start-up event is defined as a start-up after a "flame on" signal has not been detected in the DAHS for a period of 24 hours or more. A warm start-up event is defined as a start-up which is not a cold startup. Reduced load operation is authorized to accommodate periods of reduced power demands provided the maximum pounds per hour and tons per year emission rates specified in the attached table entitled "Emission Sources Maximum Allowable Emissions Rates" are not exceeded. (6/13)

The concentration of nitrogen oxides (NO_x) in the stack gases from EPN S-3/BS-3 shall not exceed an average of 9.0 parts per million by volume (ppmvd) corrected to 15 percent oxygen (O_2). The concentration of NO_x in the stack gases from EPNs BS-1 and BS-2 shall not exceed an average of 9.0 ppmvd corrected to 15 percent O_2 . The concentration of NO_x in the stack gases from EPNs S-1 and S-2 shall not exceed a 24-hour rolling average of 3.0 ppmvd corrected to 15 percent O_2 . Documentation will be kept onsite explaining any 24-hour rolling average of NO_x that exceeds 3.0 ppmvd corrected. (12/13)

Emissions from combustion turbine optimization activities shall be subject to the hourly emission limits for startup/shutdown/reduced load periods for gas turbines listed on the MAERT. The emissions from such activities shall not exceed the hourly emission limits for non-startup/shutdown/reduced load periods for more than eight hours per calendar day. "Combustion turbine optimization activities" include, but are not limited to, (i) leak and operability checks (e.g., turbine over-speed tests, troubleshooting), (ii), balancing, and (iii) tuning activities that occur during seasonal tuning or after the completion of initial construction, a combustor change-out, a major repair, maintenance to a combustor, or other similar circumstances.

Carbon monoxide (CO) emissions will not exceed 9 ppmvd at 15 percent O_2 on a 3-hour rolling basis for simple cycle mode and 15 ppmvd at 15 percent O_2 on a 3-hour rolling average for combined cycle. Volatile organic compound (VOC) emissions will not exceed 4.0 ppmvd at 15 percent O_2 .

These limits do not apply when Units 1, 2, and 3 are operating at reduced load (less than 30 percent) or during Start-up/Shutdown conditions. During these operations, the gas turbines shall comply with the emission limits specified on the maximum allowable emission rates table (MAERT). (2/09)

- 3. Each GE Model 7241 FA turbine shall be limited to a maximum firing rate of no more than 1,910 million British thermal units per hour (MMBtu/hr) fuel higher heating value.
- 4. Upon request by the TCEQ Executive Director or any local air pollution control program having jurisdiction, the holder of this permit shall provide a sample and/or an analysis of the fuel fired in this facility or shall allow air pollution control agency representatives to obtain a sample for analysis.
- 5. Opacity of emissions shall not exceed five percent averaged over a six minute period from each emission point identified in the MAERT, except for periods of start-up, shutdown, or maintenance not to exceed six hours. Opacity shall be determined by the EPA Reference Method 9 during the initial determination of compliance stack sampling. After the initial determination of compliance stack sampling has been completed, the permit holder shall conduct visible emissions observations of each operating natural gas fired facility on a quarterly basis, while the unit is running, following the procedures of EPA Reference Method 22. If visible emissions are present, opacity shall be determined by EPA Reference Method 9. (2/09)
- 6. Construction of Phase II, which involves the installation of one additional GE Model 7241 FA gas fired turbine, shall begin in September 2000. Construction of Phase III, which involves the installation of two unfired heat recovery steam generators, one steam turbine, and a cooling tower, shall begin in June 2004. Construction for either of the above phases may begin before the above dates; however, failure to begin construction within 18 months of the above dates for either phases shall automatically void authorization to construct that phase. Upon request, the TCEQ Executive Director may grant a one-time extension of the date to begin construction of the above phases.
 - A. The cooling tower added to the turbine installed in Phase II and the cooling tower to be installed in Phase III shall be operated with drift eliminators as represented in the permit alteration request dated April 30, 2001. (8/01)
 - B. The heat recovery steam generators added to the turbines during Phase III construction shall be equipped with duct burners as represented in the permit amendment and renewal application dated October 26, 2007. The duct burners shall each be limited to a maximum heat input capacity of 212 MMBtu/hr on a 3-hour rolling basis based on the high heating value of the fuel-fired. The permit holder will not operate the duct burners until the SCR system has been completely installed. (2/09)

Federal Applicability

- 7. These facilities shall comply with applicable requirements of the EPA Regulations on Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources, Title 40 Code of Federal Regulations Part 60 (40 CFR Part 60), promulgated for:
 - A. General Conditions, Subpart A.
 - B. Gas Turbine Unit 1 (EPN S-1/BS-1), Gas Turbine Unit 2 (EPN S-2/BS-2), Gas Turbine Unit 3 (EPN S-3/BS-3), and the duct burners are subject to the applicable requirements of Subpart KKKK, Standards of Performance for Stationary Combustion Turbines.

If any condition of this permit is more stringent than the regulations so incorporated, then for the purposes of complying with this permit, the permit shall govern and be the standard by which compliance shall be demonstrated.

Initial Determination of Compliance

- 8. Sampling ports and platforms shall be incorporated into the design of each exhaust stack according to the specifications set forth in the attachment entitled "Chapter 2, Stack Sampling Facilities." Alternate sampling facility designs may be submitted for approval by the TCEQ Regional Director.
- 9. The holder of this permit shall perform stack sampling and other testing as required to establish the actual quantities of air contaminants being emitted into the atmosphere from EPNs S-1 and S-2 after installation of the duct burners. Sampling shall be conducted in accordance with the appropriate procedures of the TCEQ Sampling Procedures Manual and in accordance with the appropriate EPA Reference Methods 201A and 202, or Reference Method 5, modified to include back-half condensibles, for the concentration of particulate matter equal to or less than 10 microns in diameter (PM₁₀); Reference Method 8 or Reference Methods 6 or 6c for sulfur dioxide (SO₂); Reference Method 9 for opacity (consisting of 30 six-minute readings as provided in 40 CFR § 60.11[b]); Reference Method 10 for the concentration of CO; Reference Method 25A, modified to exclude methane and ethane, for the concentration of VOC (to measure total carbon as propane); and Reference Method 20 for the concentrations of NO_x and O₂ or equivalent methods. (2/09)

Fuel sampling using the methods and procedures of 40 CFR \S 60.335(d) may be conducted in lieu of stack sampling for SO_2 . If fuel sampling is used, compliance with New Source Performance Standards (NSPS), Subpart KKKK, SO_2 limits shall be based on 100 percent conversion of the sulfur in the fuel to SO_2 . Any deviations from those procedures must be approved by the TCEQ Executive Director prior to sampling. The TCEQ Executive Director or his designated representative shall be afforded the opportunity to observe all such sampling.

The holder of this permit is responsible for providing sampling and testing facilities and conducting the sampling and testing operations at his expense.

A. The TCEQ Waco Regional Office shall be contacted as soon as testing is scheduled but not less than 45 days prior to sampling to schedule a pretest meeting.

The notice shall include:

- (1) Date for pretest meeting;
- (2) Date sampling will occur;
- (3) Name of firm conducting sampling;
- (4) Type of sampling equipment to be used;
- (5) Method or procedure to be used in sampling; and
- (6) Procedure used to determine turbine loads during and after the sampling period.

The purpose of the pretest meeting is to review the necessary sampling and testing procedures, to provide the proper data forms for recording pertinent data, and to review the format procedures for submitting the test reports. A written proposed description of any deviation from sampling procedures specified in permit conditions, TCEQ, or EPA sampling procedures shall be made available to the TCEQ prior to the pretest meeting. The TCEQ Regional Director shall approve or disapprove of any deviation from specified sampling procedures. Requests to waive testing for any pollutant specified in this condition shall be submitted to the TCEQ Office of Air, Air Permits Division. Test waivers and alternate or equivalent procedure proposals for NSPS testing which must have EPA approval shall be submitted to the TCEQ Air Permits Division.

- B. Air emissions from each gas-fired turbine shall be tested while firing in Mode 6 for the ambient conditions at the time of testing. Air emissions to be sampled and analyzed while at full load include (but are not limited to) NO_x, O₂, CO, VOC, SO₂, PM₁₀, and opacity. [Fuel sampling using the methods and procedures of 40 CFR § 60.335(d) may be conducted in lieu of stack sampling for SO₂]. (2/09)
- C. The holder of this permit shall demonstrate during the initial compliance testing that the best available control technology has been selected by demonstrating that the concentration of NO_x and CO in the stack gases from each gas turbine does not exceed the limits specified in Special Condition No. 2. (2/09)
- D. Sampling of each turbine unit shall occur within 60 days after achieving the maximum production rate at which each turbine will be operated but no later than 180 days after its initial start-up. The TCEQ and EPA may require additional sampling at other times as they deem appropriate.
- E. Within 60 days after the completion of the testing and sampling required for each turbine unit herein, copies of the sampling report shall be distributed as follows.

One copy to the TCEQ Waco Regional Office. One copy to the TCEQ Office of Air, Air Permits Division, Austin. One copy to the EPA Region 6 in Dallas.

Continuous Determination of Compliance for CO and NO_x

- 10. The holder of this permit shall install, calibrate, maintain, and operate a continuous emission monitoring system (CEMS) to measure and record the concentrations of NO_x, CO, and diluent gas (O₂ or carbon dioxide) at each gas-fired turbine's exhaust stack.
 - A. The CEMS shall meet the design and performance specifications, pass the field tests, and meet the installation requirements and the data analysis and reporting requirements specified in the applicable Performance Specification Nos. 1 through 9, 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix B. If there are no applicable performance specifications in 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix B, contact the TCEQ Office of Air, Air Permits Division in Austin for requirements to be met.
 - B. The CEMS shall meet the applicable quality-assurance requirements specified in 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix F, Procedure 1. All CEMS downtime of one hour or greater shall be recorded by the CEMS. Any relative accuracy exceedances, as specified in 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix F, Section 5.2.3, and any CEMS downtime in excess of four hours shall be reported to the appropriate TCEQ Regional Director, and necessary corrective action shall be taken. Supplemental stack concentration measurements may be required at the discretion of the appropriate TCEQ Regional Director.
 - C. The monitoring data shall be reduced to hourly average values at least once every day, using a minimum of four equally-spaced data points from each one-hour period. Two valid data points shall be generated during the hourly period in which zero and span is performed.
 - D. All monitoring data and quality-assurance data shall be maintained by the source for a period of two years and shall be made available to the TCEQ Executive Director or his designated representative upon request. The data from the CEMS may, at the discretion of the TCEQ, be used to determine compliance with the conditions of this permit. Hourly average concentrations from the gas-fired turbines shall be summed to tons per year and used to determine compliance with the emission limits of this permit.
 - E. The TCEQ Waco Regional Office shall be notified at least 30 days prior to any required relative accuracy test audit in order to provide them the opportunity to observe the testing.
 - F. If applicable, the CEMS will be required to meet the design and performance specifications, pass the field tests, and meet the installation requirements and data analysis and reporting requirements specified in the applicable performance

specifications in 40 CFR Part 75, Appendix A. For the purposes of this Special Condition, 40 CFR Part 75 is deemed an acceptable alternative to the performance specification and quality assurance requirements of 40 CFR Part 60. (2/09)

- 11. The holder of this permit shall additionally install, calibrate, maintain, and operate continuous monitoring systems to monitor and record the average hourly fuel consumption in the gas turbines. The systems shall be accurate to ± 5.0 percent of the unit's maximum flow.
- 12. The holder of this permit shall monitor the fuels fired in the equipment authorized by this permit for fuel bound sulfur as specified in 40 CFR § 60.4365. Any request for a custom monitoring schedule shall be made in writing and directed to the Executive Director of the TCEQ although authority for granting such custom schedules remains with the EPA. Any custom schedule approved by EPA pursuant to 40 CFR § 60.4370(c) will be recognized as enforceable conditions of this permit provided that the holder of this permit demonstrates that the conditions of such custom schedules will be adequate to demonstrate continuous compliance with the attached MAERT. (2/09)

Recordkeeping Requirements

- 13. The following records shall be kept at the plant for the life of the permit. All records required in this permit shall be made available at the request of personnel from the TCEQ, EPA, or any air pollution control agency with jurisdiction.
 - A. A copy of this permit.
 - B. Permit application dated February 1999 and subsequent representations submitted to the TCEQ. **(6/13)**
 - C. A complete copy of the testing report and records of the initial performance testing completed pursuant to Special Condition No. 9 to demonstrate initial compliance.
 - D. Stack sampling results or other testing that may be conducted on units authorized under this permit after the date of issuance of this permit.
- 14. The following information shall be made and maintained by the holder of this permit in a form suitable for inspection for a period of five years after the data is obtained and shall be made immediately available upon request to representatives of the TCEQ, EPA, or any local air pollution control program having jurisdiction: (6/13)
 - A. Records of the hours of operation and daily quantity of natural gas fired in the turbines and duct burners to demonstrate compliance with Special Conditions No. 3 and 6B. **(2/09)**

- B. A copy of the contractual fuel quality analysis agreement with the natural gas supplier shall be kept to demonstrate compliance with total sulfur limitations of Special Condition No. 1. If the natural gas supplier changes, the new contractual agreement must be kept.
- C. Records of fuel sampling conducted pursuant to Special Condition No. 12.
- D. Raw data files of all CEMS data including calibration checks and adjustments and maintenance performed on these systems of devices in a permanent form suitable for inspection.
- E. Records of the CEMS data required by Special Condition No. 10D.
- F. Records of reporting pursuant to Special Condition Nos. 15, 16, and 17.

Reporting

15. The holder of this permit shall submit to the TCEQ Waco Regional Office a semiannual report pursuant to 40 CFR Part 60.7(c). Each semiannual report shall contain the hours of operation of the facility and a report summary of the periods of non-complying emissions and CEMS downtimes by cause. The CEMS downtimes that exceed 72 hours shall be reported to the TCEQ Waco Regional Office either verbally or in writing no later than 24 hours after the 72 hour period ends. **(6/13)**

Dated December 10, 2013

Emission Sources - Maximum Allowable Emission Rates

Permit Numbers 40620 and PSDTX931

This table lists the maximum allowable emission rates and all sources of air contaminants on the applicant's property covered by this permit. The emission rates shown are those derived from information submitted as part of the application for permit and are the maximum rates allowed for these facilities, sources, and related activities. Any proposed increase in emission rates may require an application for a modification of the facilities covered by this permit.

Air Contaminants Data

| Emission Point No. (1) | Source Name (2) | Air Contaminant Name (3) | Emission Rates | |
|---------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|---------|
| | | | lb/hour | TPY (4) |
| S-1 | GE Model 7241FA Gas | NO _x (6) | 63.0 | 254.1 |
| (BS-1) | Turbine (5) | NO _x (7) | 24.9 | 93.0 |
| | | NO _x (8) | 650.0 | |
| | | CO | 52.2 | 1073.0 |
| | | CO (8) | 1900.0 | |
| | | SO ₂ | 11.9 | 5.6 |
| | | VOC | 7.2 | 32.0 |
| | | PM/PM ₁₀ (9) | 20.7 | 90.4 |
| | | H ₂ SO ₄ | 1.6 | 0.8 |
| | | NH ₃ (10) | 26.3 | 81.0 |
| S-2 | GE Model 7241FA Gas Turbine (5) | NO _x (6) | 63.0 | 254.1 |
| (BS-2) Turbine (5 | | NO _x (7) | 24.9 | 93.0 |
| | | NO _x (8) | 650.0 | |
| | | CO | 52.2 | 1073.0 |
| | | CO (8) | 1900.0 | |
| | | SO ₂ | 11.9 | 5.6 |
| | | VOC | 7.2 | 32.0 |
| | | PM/PM ₁₀ (9) | 20.7 | 90.4 |
| | | H ₂ SO ₄ | 1.6 | 0.8 |
| | | NH ₃ (10) | 26.3 | 81.0 |

Project Number: 190691

Emission Sources - Maximum Allowable Emission Rates

| Emission Point | Source Name (2) | Air Contaminant | Emission Rates | |
|-----------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|---------|
| No. (1) | | Name (3) | lb/hour | TPY (4) |
| S-3 | GE Model 7241FA Gas | NO _x | 63.0 | 254.1 |
| (BS-3) | Turbine (5) | NO _x (8) | 650.0 | |
| | | СО | 31.0 | 980.0 |
| | | CO (8) | 1900.0 | |
| | | SO ₂ | 10.5 | 5.0 |
| | | VOC | 3.0 | 12.3 |
| | | PM/PM ₁₀ (9) | 18.0 | 78.9 |
| | | H ₂ SO ₄ | 0.8 | 0.4 |
| 5 | Piping Fugitives (11) | VOC | 0.13 | 0.6 |
| NH3-FUG-1 | Unit 1 NH ₃ Fugitives | NH_3 | 0.06 | 0.3 |
| NH3-FUG-2 | Unit 2 NH ₃ Fugitives | NH ₃ | 0.06 | 0.3 |
| C-1 | Cooling Tower-1 | PM | 1.88 | 8.2 |
| | | PM ₁₀ | 0.62 | 2.72 |
| C-2 | Cooling Tower-2 (12) | PM | 0.86 | 3.8 |
| | | PM_{10} | 0.28 | 1.24 |
| H-1 | Fuel Heater (12) | NO _x | 1.68 | 7.36 |
| | | СО | 1.38 | 6.06 |
| | | SO ₂ | 0.01 | 0.04 |
| | | VOC | 0.09 | 0.40 |
| | | PM/PM ₁₀ (9) | 0.13 | 0.55 |

(1) Emission point identification - either specific equipment designation or emission point number from plot plan.

(2) Specific point source name. For fugitive sources, use area name or fugitive source name.

(3) VOC - volatile organic compounds as defined in Title 30 Texas Administrative Code § 101.1

NO_x - total oxides of nitrogen

SO₂ - sulfur dioxide

PM - total particulate matter, suspended in the atmosphere, including PM_{10} and $PM_{2.5}$, as represented

 PM_{10} - total particulate matter equal to or less than 10 microns in diameter, including $PM_{2.5}$, as

represented

CO - carbon monoxide

Emission Sources - Maximum Allowable Emission Rates

H₂SO₄ - sulfuric acid NH₃ - ammonia

- (4) Compliance with annual emission limits (tons per year) is based on a 12 month rolling period.
- (5) Emission rates are based on either simple or combined cycle mode operation. S-1, S-2, and S-3 are stack designations for combined cycle operation and BS-1, BS-2, and BS-3 are stack designations for simple cycle operation.
- (6) Emission rate for simple cycle mode.
- (7) Emission rate for combined cycle mode with duct firing.
- (8) Emission rates for Start-up/Shutdown/Reduced load operations. For each pollutant whose emissions during planned MSS activities are measured using a CEMS, the MSS hourly limits apply only during each clock hour that includes one or more minutes of MSS activities. During all other clock hours, the normal hourly limits apply.
- (9) Particulate matter includes condensibles (both front half and back half of the sample train).
- (10) Ammonia emission limits only apply to EPNs S-1 and S-2, not EPNs BS-1 and BS-2.
- (11) Fugitive emission rates are an estimate and are enforceable through compliance with the applicable special condition(s) and permit application representations.
- (12) These emission sources were previously permitted by rule.

| Date: | June 18, 2013 |
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Project Number: 190691